

#### **General Counsel – Grant Program**

Presentation on

**Grants Overview** 

February 13, 2013



# Trends: US Department of Education Grants to South Carolina

	Discretionary	Discretionary	Formula	Formula
Fed	Grants	Amount	Grants	Amount
Year	Awarded	Awarded	Awarded	Awarded
2009	187	\$87,272,166	62	\$1,941,556,167
2010	195	\$145,500,245	51	\$656,538,820
2011	27	\$180,739,708	40	\$504,412,272
2012	171	\$91,148,117	37	\$463,298,834
2013				\$469,333,819

Fed Year 2012 numbers are not fully updated by USED. For example, we anticipate continuation of funding for SIG approximately \$10 million.



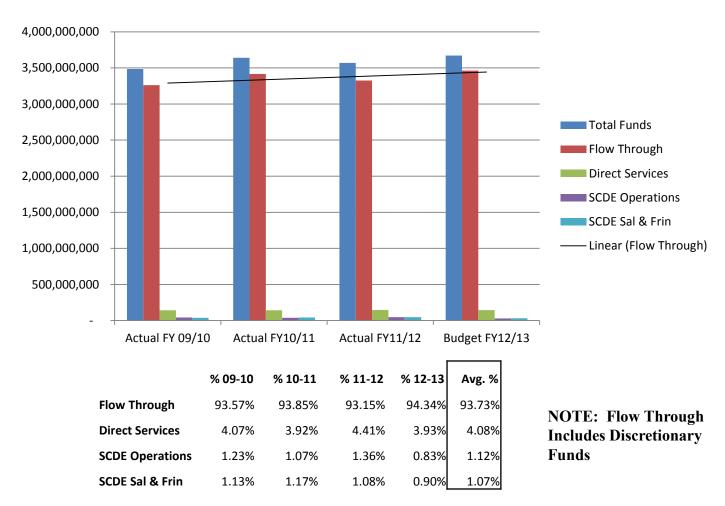
# Trends: US Department of Education Grants to SCDE

	Discretionary	Discretionary	Formula	Formula	% of Total
Fed	Grants	Amount	Grants	Amount	USED \$ to
Year	Awarded	Awarded	Awarded	Awarded	SC
2009	3	\$ 7,531,806	36	\$ 769,606,466	8.63/39.64%
2010	8	\$ 55,712,036	29	\$ 538,293,288	38.29/81.99%
2011	4	\$25,811,812	17	\$408,160,821	14.28/80.92%
2012	5	\$11,890,865	18	\$325,392,111	13.05/70.23%

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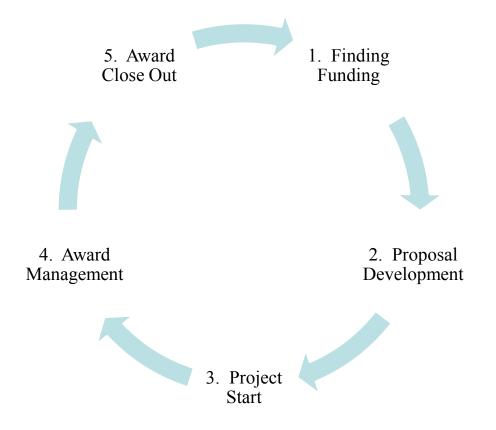


#### Trends: State Funds to SCDE





### Life Cycle of Grant



Pre-Award Phase includes: Finding Funding and Proposal Development Post-Award Phase includes: Project Start and Award Management



## 1. Finding Funding

- We employ a number of strategies to find funding:
  - Continue flow from formula funds
  - Compete for discretionary grants (new applications).
    We register with a variety of web sources such as grants.gov, grant siren, American Publishing, etc., and review the USED webpage
  - Receive continuation funding by complying with all requirements and meeting the performance indicators
  - Obtain State funding
  - Other web surfing



#### Formula Funding

- Formula grant programs are <u>noncompetitive</u> awards based on a predetermined formula. These programs are sometimes referred to as state-administered programs.
- Examples:
  - 1. Title I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act
  - 2. Title II, Improving Teacher Quality
  - 3. 21st Century Community Learning Centers
  - 4. Reading First
  - 5. Math and Science Program
  - 6. Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)
- Activities are continuing and not confined to a specific project.



### Discretionary Funding

- Discretionary grants are awarded through a **competitive** process.
- Examples:
  - 1. School Improvement Grant
  - 2. Charter School Planning and Improvement Grant
  - 3. Personnel Preparation in Special Education, Early Intervention, and Related Services
  - 4. Teacher Incentive Fund
  - 5. Advanced Placement Program
- Provide funding for fixed or known periods of time for specific projects or the delivery of specific services or activity.



### Continuation Funding

- Continuation funding is based on an original funding period (i.e. 36 months).
- Examples:
  - 1. School Improvement Grant (36 months)
  - 2. School Drop Out Prevention (60 months)
  - 3. Charter School Planning and Improvement Grant (36 months)
  - 4. Gear Up (72 months)
- Funds are contingent on a grantee's progress, as provided in Section 75.253 of EDGAR, and on the availability of funding.



#### State Funding

- Funding ratified by the legislature during the annual budget cycle.
- Examples:
  - 1. Education Improvement Act (EIA) Funds
  - 2. Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Contingency Reserve
  - 3. Arts Curricular Innovation Grants
  - 4. Education Economic Development Act (EEDA) Summer Academic and Career Development
  - 5. Drop Out Prevention and High Schools That Work
  - 6. Certified Staff Technology Proficiency
- Funds are provided on an annual basis for the purposes stated in the proviso. Funds can be made available via competition.



#### 2. Proposal Development

- The following are components/activities that occur during the proposal phase:
  - Plan the project/or subgrantee plans
  - Create the project/proposal checklist
  - Respond or create the request for proposal (RFP)
  - Route proposal for approval
  - Submit to funder/subgrantee and monitor

**NOTE**: Many times SCDE is the middle man and develops RFP's for LEA's, non-profits and higher education to create competition.



### 3. Project Start-Up

- Receive award notification
- Determine if funding is pass through (Formula or Discretionary)
- If competition is required, initiate RFP development
- If formula, determine the allocations and award
- If direct award, implement with fidelity (i.e. Cradle to Career)
- If state funded, pass through or create competition



#### 4. Award Management

- Award Management entails:
  - Conducting technical assistance sessions
  - Approving and monitoring the budget to actual
  - Ensuring that program/services are implemented as outlined in the proposal
  - Processing requests for reimbursement
  - Receiving and reviewing progress reports
  - Conducting monitoring reviews and review audit reports
  - Ensuring compliance with all applicable rules, regulations, state law, and procedures
  - Enforcing responsibilities including termination, if needed
  - \*\*\*\*Communicate, communicate, meet, discuss, monitor, document



#### 5. Award Close Out

- Award Close out entails:
  - Processing final reimbursement request
  - Accounting for all equipment and determine disposition needs
  - De-obligating all funds
  - Receiving and approving all required programmatic and financial reports
  - Closing out with Finance all project activity
  - Submitting all required documents to the funder
  - If possible, share outcomes and lessons learned for future funding opportunities
  - Inspecting records for completeness
  - Retaining and archiving according to regulation or procedure